

116TH CONGRESS  
2D SESSION

# H. R. 8626

To direct the Secretary of Energy to carry out a grant program to improve the energy resilience, energy democracy, and security of communities, prioritizing environmental justice communities, and for other purposes.

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## IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

OCTOBER 20, 2020

Ms. BARRAGÁN (for herself, Ms. CLARKE of New York, Mr. SIRES, Ms. DEGETTE, Mr. ESPAILLAT, Ms. LEE of California, Ms. SCHAKOWSKY, Mr. SOTO, Ms. NORTON, Mr. HASTINGS, Mr. GRIJALVA, Mrs. NAPOLITANO, Mr. TONKO, Mr. HUFFMAN, Ms. VELÁZQUEZ, Mr. MEEKS, Ms. HAALAND, Ms. PINGREE, Ms. OCASIO-CORTEZ, Mr. NADLER, Ms. MOORE, Ms. HOULAHAN, and Mr. SUOZZI) introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on Energy and Commerce, and in addition to the Committee on Science, Space, and Technology, for a period to be subsequently determined by the Speaker, in each case for consideration of such provisions as fall within the jurisdiction of the committee concerned

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## A BILL

To direct the Secretary of Energy to carry out a grant program to improve the energy resilience, energy democracy, and security of communities, prioritizing environmental justice communities, and for other purposes.

1       *Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-*  
2       *tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,*

1     **SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.**

2         This Act may be cited as the “Energy Resilient Com-  
3         munities Act”.

4     **SEC. 2. CLEAN ENERGY MICROGRID GRANT PROGRAM.**

5         (a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of Energy shall es-  
6         tablish and carry out a program to provide grants to eligi-  
7         ble entities.

8         (b) USE OF FUNDS.—An eligible entity may use a  
9         grant provided under the program established pursuant to  
10        subsection (a) to—

11                 (1) obtain technical assistance to—

12                     (A) upgrade building codes and standards  
13                     for resiliency to climate change hazards (includ-  
14                     ing wildfires, flooding, sea level rise, landslides,  
15                     drought, storms, temperature extremes, and  
16                     other extreme weather events);

17                     (B) develop an infrastructure resilience  
18                     plan to identify and overcome known climate  
19                     change hazards to critical community infra-  
20                     structure; or

21                     (C) conduct a needs assessment of prospec-  
22                     tive clean energy microgrid projects and, as ap-  
23                     plicable, design prospective clean energy  
24                     microgrids, including assistance to address per-  
25                     mitting and siting challenges, understand and  
26                     facilitate financing options, and understand the

1           technical characteristics of clean energy  
2           microgrids;

3           (2) provide community outreach and collaborative planning with respect to a prospective project  
4           described in paragraph (3); or  
5

6           (3) carry out a project to develop and construct—

7                 (A) a clean energy microgrid that supports  
8                 critical community infrastructure; or  
9

10                 (B) a clean energy microgrid for residences  
11                 of medical baseline customers.

12           (c) PRIORITY.—

13           (1) IN GENERAL.—In providing grants under  
14           the program established pursuant to subsection (a),  
15           the Secretary of Energy shall give priority to an eligible entity that proposes to use a grant to obtain  
16           technical assistance described in subsection (b)(1),  
17           provide outreach described in subsection (b)(2), or  
18           carry out a project described in subsection (b)(3),  
19           that will benefit an environmental justice community.  
20

21           (2) TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE AND COMMUNITY  
22           OUTREACH GRANTS.—After priority given under  
23           paragraph (1), in providing grants to obtain technical assistance described in subsection (b)(1) or  
24

1 provide outreach described in subsection (b)(2), the  
2 Secretary of Energy shall give priority to an eligible  
3 entity proposing to obtain technical assistance or  
4 provide outreach that the Secretary of Energy deter-  
5 mines will further the development of clean energy  
6 microgrids that are community-owned energy sys-  
7 tems.

8                     (3) CLEAN ENERGY MICROGRID GRANTS.—After  
9 priority given under paragraph (1), in providing  
10 grants under the program established pursuant to  
11 subsection (a) for projects described in subsection  
12 (b)(3), the Secretary of Energy shall give priority to  
13 an eligible entity that—

14                     (A) proposes to develop and construct a  
15 clean energy microgrid that, in comparison to  
16 other clean energy microgrids for which grants  
17 are sought under such program, will result in  
18 the greatest reduction—

19                         (i) of greenhouse gas emissions;  
20                         (ii) of emissions of criteria air pollut-  
21                         ants;

22                         (iii) in public health disparities in  
23 communities experiencing a dispropor-  
24 tionate level of air pollution; or

(iv) in the energy cost burden for communities;

(B) proposes to develop and construct a clean energy microgrid that is a community-owned energy system;

(C) proposes to develop and construct a clean energy microgrid that, in comparison to other clean energy microgrids for which grants are sought under such program, will provide the greatest amount of resiliency benefits to a jurisdiction in which the microgrid is located;

(D) proposes to develop and construct a clean energy microgrid that minimizes land use impacts by—

(i) siting sources of clean energy within the already-built environment, including over rooftops and parking lots;

(ii) siting sources of clean energy on existing brownfield sites or contaminated sites;

(iii) co-locating sources of clean energy on agricultural lands or over reservoirs; or

(iv) siting sources of clean energy on compatible lands;

(E) proposes to, in developing and constructing a clean energy microgrid, utilize or involve small businesses or nonprofits that primarily operate or are located within environmental justice communities, particularly those that are women-owned and operated or minority-owned and operated;

(F) has previously received a grant to obtain technical assistance under such program; or

(G) imposes registered apprentice utilization requirements on projects, provided that such requirements comply with the apprentice to journey worker ratios established by the Department of Labor or the applicable State Apprenticeship Agency.

17 (d) EDUCATIONAL OUTREACH PROGRAM.—

1       the educational outreach program under paragraph  
2       (1). In entering into contracts pursuant to this para-  
3       graph, the Secretary shall prioritize entering into  
4       contracts with women-owned and operated or minor-  
5       ity-owned and operated entities.

6                 (3) PRIORITY.—The educational outreach pro-  
7       gram under paragraph (1) shall prioritize—

8                         (A) providing information on the program  
9       established pursuant to subsection (a) to eligi-  
10       ble entities that serve an environmental justice  
11       community and to environmental justice com-  
12       munities; and

13                         (B) promoting public understanding of the  
14       community benefits of clean energy microgrids  
15       for critical community infrastructure.

16       (e) COST SHARE.—

17                 (1) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided in para-  
18       graph (2), the Federal share of the cost of technical  
19       assistance, outreach, or a project for which a grant  
20       is provided pursuant to the program established pur-  
21       suant to subsection (a) shall not exceed 60 percent  
22       of such cost.

23                 (2) ENVIRONMENTAL JUSTICE COMMUNITY.—  
24       The Federal share of the cost of technical assistance  
25       that is obtained for, outreach that is provided to, or

1       a project that is carried out in, an environmental  
2       justice community, and for which a grant is provided  
3       pursuant to the program established pursuant to  
4       subsection (a) shall not exceed 90 percent of such  
5       cost.

6       (f) LIMITATION ON AMOUNT.—The amount of a  
7       grant provided to an eligible entity under this section to  
8       carry out a project described in subsection (b)(3) may not  
9       exceed \$10,000,000.

10      (g) USE OF AMERICAN IRON, STEEL, AND MANUFAC-  
11     TURED GOODS.—

12           (1) No funds authorized under this section shall  
13       be made available with respect to a project unless all  
14       of the iron, steel, and manufactured goods used in  
15       the project are produced in the United States.

16           (2) Paragraph (1) shall not apply in any case  
17       or category of cases in which the Secretary of En-  
18       ergy finds that—

19               (A) applying paragraph (1) would be in-  
20       consistent with the public interest;

21               (B) iron, steel, and the relevant manufac-  
22       tured goods are not produced in the United  
23       States in sufficient and reasonably available  
24       quantities and of a satisfactory quality; or

(C) inclusion of iron, steel, and manufactured goods produced in the United States will increase the cost of the overall project by more than 25 percent.

19       (h) PREVAILING WAGES.—All laborers and mechan-  
20 ics employed by contractors or subcontractors in the per-  
21 formance of construction, alteration, or repair work as-  
22 sisted, in whole or in part, by a grant under this section  
23 shall be paid wages at rates not less than those prevailing  
24 on similar construction in the locality as determined by  
25 the Secretary of Labor in accordance with subchapter IV

1 of chapter 31 of title 40, United States Code. With respect  
2 to the labor standards in this subsection, the Secretary  
3 of Labor shall have the authority and functions set forth  
4 in Reorganization Plan Numbered 14 of 1950 (64 Stat.  
5 1267; 5 U.S.C. App.) and section 3145 of title 40, United  
6 States Code.

7       (i) PROJECT LABOR.—An eligible entity that uses a  
8 grant provided under this section to construct a clean en-  
9 ergy microgrid shall ensure, to the greatest extent prac-  
10 ticable, that any subgrantee of such eligible entity, and  
11 any subgrantee thereof, that carries out such construction  
12 employs at least 40 percent of laborers or mechanics for  
13 such construction that are individuals who—

14           (1) are domiciled, if the applicable construction  
15 area is—

16              (A) a major urban area, not further than  
17 15 miles from such construction area; or

18              (B) not a major urban area, not further  
19 than 50 miles from such construction area;

20           (2) are displaced and unemployed energy work-  
21 ers;

22           (3) are members of the Armed Forces serving  
23 on active duty, separated from active duty, or retired  
24 from active duty;

1                         (4) have been incarcerated or served time in a  
2                         juvenile or adult detention or correctional facility, or  
3                         been placed on probation, community supervision, or  
4                         in a diversion scheme;

5                         (5) have a disability;

6                         (6) are homeless;

7                         (7) are receiving public assistance;

8                         (8) lack a general education diploma or high  
9                         school diploma;

10                         (9) are emancipated from the foster care sys-  
11                         tem;

12                         (10) reside or work in an environmental justice  
13                         community; or

14                         (11) are registered apprentices with fewer than  
15                         15 percent of the required graduating apprentice  
16                         hours in a program.

17                         (j) REPORTS.—The Secretary of Energy shall submit  
18                         to Congress, and make available on the public website of  
19                         the Department of Energy, an annual report on the pro-  
20                         gram established pursuant to subsection (a) that includes,  
21                         with respect to the previous year—

22                         (1) the number of grants provided;

23                         (2) the total dollar amount of all grants pro-  
24                         vided;

25                         (3) a list of grant disbursements by State;

1                         (4) for each grant provided—

2                             (A) a description of the technical assist-  
3                             ance obtained, outreach provided, or project  
4                             carried out with grants funds; and

5                             (B) whether the grant is provided to obtain  
6                             technical assistance, provide outreach, or carry  
7                             out a project with respect to an environmental  
8                             justice community; and

9                             (5) for each grant provided to carry out a clean  
10                          energy microgrid project—

11                             (A) employment data for such project, in-  
12                             cluding the number of jobs created and what  
13                             percent of laborers and mechanics hired for  
14                             such project meet the criteria under subsection  
15                             (i);

16                             (B) the greenhouse gas and criteria air  
17                             pollutant reduction impacts for such project;

18                             (C) the public health benefits from such  
19                             project; and

20                             (D) the reduced energy cost burden from  
21                             such project.

22                             (k) FUNDING.—

23                             (1) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—For  
24                             each of fiscal years 2021 through 2030, there is au-  
25                             thorized to be appropriated—

(B) \$1,500,000,000 for grants for projects described in subsection (b)(3).

## 6 (2) COMMUNITY-OWNED ENERGY SYSTEMS.—

To the maximum extent practicable, not less than 10 percent of the amount appropriated under paragraph (1)(B) for any fiscal year shall be used to provide grants for projects to develop and construct clean energy microgrids that are community-owned energy systems.

13 (3) ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES.—

1       (l) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:

2                 (1) CLEAN ENERGY.—The term “clean energy”  
3       means electric energy generated from solar, wind,  
4       geothermal, existing hydropower, micro-hydropower,  
5       hydrokinetic, or hydrogen fuel cells.

6                 (2) COMMUNITY OF COLOR.—The term “com-  
7       munity of color” means a geographically distinct  
8       area in which the population of any of the following  
9       categories of individuals is higher than the average  
10      populations of that category for the State in which  
11      the community is located:

- 12                     (A) Black.
- 13                     (B) African American.
- 14                     (C) Asian.
- 15                     (D) Pacific Islander.
- 16                     (E) Other non-White race.
- 17                     (F) Non-White Hispanic.
- 18                     (G) Latino.
- 19                     (H) Linguistically isolated.

20                 (3) COMMUNITY-OWNED ENERGY SYSTEM.—  
21       The term “community-owned energy system” means  
22       an energy system owned—  
23                     (A) by the local government where the sys-  
24       tem is located;

(B) by a nonprofit organization that is based in the local jurisdiction where the energy system is located;

15 (A) schools;  
16 (B) town halls;  
17 (C) public safety facilities;  
18 (D) hospitals;  
19 (E) health clinics;  
20 (F) community centers;  
21 (G) community nonprofit facilities pro-  
22 viding essential services;  
23 (H) libraries;  
24 (I) grocery stores;  
25 (J) emergency management facilities;

1 (K) water systems;

2 (L) homeless shelters;

3 (M) senior housing; and

4 (N) public or affordable housing.

7 (A) a State, territory of the United States,

8 or Tribal agency;

9 (B) a local government;

10 (C) an electric utility;

11 (D) a nonprofit organization; or

12 (E) a partnership between—

16 (ii) a State, territory of the United  
17 States, Tribal agency, or local government.

18 (7) ENVIRONMENTAL JUSTICE COMMUNITY.—

The term “environmental justice community” means a community with significant representation of communities of color, low-income communities, or Tribal and indigenous communities, that experiences, or is at risk of experiencing, higher or more adverse human health or environmental effects.

10 (B) 200 percent of the Federal poverty  
11 line.

(9) MAJOR URBAN AREA.—The term “major urban area” means a metropolitan statistical area within the United States with an estimated population that is greater than or equal to 1,500,000.

(A) a motorized wheelchair;

(B) a ventilator;

22 (C) a dialysis machine;

23 (D) an apnea monitor;

24 (E) an electrostatic nebulizer;

25 (F) a respirator;

- (G) medication requiring refrigeration; and
- (H) for a customer with a vulnerable respiratory system, an air cleaning system.

(11) MICROGRID.—The term “microgrid” means an interconnected system of loads and clean energy resources (including distributed energy resources, energy storage, demand response tools, and other management, forecasting, and analytical tools) which—

10 (A) is appropriately sized to meet the crit-  
11 ical needs of its customers;

(B) is contained within a clearly defined electrical boundary and has the ability to operate as a single and controllable entity;

15 (C) has the ability to—

19 (ii) be managed and isolated from the  
20 applicable grid region in order to withstand  
21 larger disturbances and maintain the sup-  
22 ply of electricity to a connected location;

23 (D) has no point of interconnection to the  
24 applicable grid region with a throughput capac-  
25 ity in excess of 20 megawatts; and

(E) can connect to one building or multiple interconnected buildings.

(14) REGISTERED APPRENTICE.—The term “registered apprentice” means a person in an apprenticeship program that is registered with, and approved by, the United States Department of Labor or a State Apprenticeship Agency in accordance with parts 29 and 30 of title 29, Code of Federal Regulations (as in effect on January 1, 2020).

(16) TRIBAL AND INDIGENOUS COMMUNITY.—  
The term “Tribal and indigenous community” means a population of people who are members of—

- 1                   (A) a federally recognized Indian Tribe;
- 2                   (B) a State-recognized Indian Tribe;
- 3                   (C) an Alaska Native or Native Hawaiian
- 4                   community or organization; or
- 5                   (D) any other community of indigenous
- 6                   people located in a State.

○